Differentiable groupoids and their abstract Lie algebroids

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Diff. Grpoids & their Abs. Lie Algroids

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2 Categories with an abstract tangent functor T

3 Differentiable groupoid objects in (\mathcal{C}, T)

4 Abstract Lie algebroids in (\mathcal{C}, T)

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4 Abstract Lie algebroids in (\mathcal{C}, T)



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Question

Given a groupoid object G in a category C, what are the **structures of** C and the **properties of** G needed for its differentiation?

Question

What are the infinitesimal objects in C that generalize Lie algebroids?

Motivation

Differentiation of diffeological group(oid)s.

2 Categories with an abstract tangent functor T

3 Differentiable groupoid objects in $(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{T})$

4) Abstract Lie algebroids in $(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{T})$

Definition (Rosický '84)

A tangent structure on a category C is composed of an endofunctor $T : C \to C$, called an abstract tangent functor, together with morphisms

- (i) bundle projection: $\pi_X : TX \to X$, $(u, u_1) \mapsto u$
- (ii) zero section: $0_X : X \to TX$, $u \mapsto (u, 0)$
- (iii) fiberwise addition: $+_X : TX \times_X TX \to TX$, $(u, u_1, v_1) \mapsto (u, u_1 + v_1)$
- (iv) vertical lift: $\lambda_X : TX \to T^2X$, $(u, u_1) \mapsto (u, 0, 0, u_1)$
- (v) symmetric str.: $\tau_X : T^2X \to T^2X$, $(u, u_1, u_2, u_{12}) \mapsto (u, u_2, u_1, u_{12})$

natural in $X \in C$, satisfying certain axioms.

Suppose $C = \mathcal{E}$ ucl is the category of **Euclidean spaces** with objects open subsets $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ for some $n \ge 0$ and morphisms smooth maps $U \to V$. Let

 $T:\mathcal{E}\mathrm{ucl}\longrightarrow\mathcal{E}\mathrm{ucl}$

be the usual tangent functor. Then,

 $TU = U \times \mathbb{R}^{n}$ $T^{2}U = U \times \mathbb{R}^{n} \times \mathbb{R}^{n} \times \mathbb{R}^{n}$ $TU \times_{U} TU = U \times \mathbb{R}^{n} \times \mathbb{R}^{n}.$

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- (ii) zero section: $0_X : X \to TX$,
- (iii) fiberwise addition: $+_X : TX \times_X TX \to TX$,
- (iv) vertical lift: $\lambda_X : TX \to T^2X$,
- (v) symmetric structure: $\tau_X : T^2 X \to T^2 X$,

natural in $X \in C$, satisfying certain axioms.

Examples 1

- The category of smooth manifolds.
- The category of elastic diffeological spaces (Blohmann '24).
- The category of smooth right *G*-bundles for *G* a Lie groupoid. For a *G*-bundle $r : E \to G_0$, it is given by $VE := TE \times_{TG_0}^{Tr,0_{G_0}} G_0$.
- The category of abelian groups with $TA := A \times A$.

Axioms of a tangent structure

- Fiber products: For all $k \ge 1$, the pullbacks $\underbrace{TX \times_X \ldots \times_X TX}_{k-\text{times}}$ exist and are preserved by T.
- Bundle of abelian groups: The fiberwise addition $+_X$ and the zero section 0_X equip $\pi_X : TX \to X$ with the structure of a bundle of abelian groups (i.e. an abelian group object in $\mathcal{C} \downarrow X$).



Given a point $p: * \to X$, the fiber $T_p X := * \times_X TX$ is an abelian group.

Axioms of a tangent structure

• Symmetric structure: τ_X is a symmetric structure on TX and the diagram



is a morphism of bundles of groups.

Vertical lift and that it is a kernel: The following diagrams commute:

The left diagram is a morphism of bundles of groups. The right diagram is a pullback.

Compatibility of vertical lift and symmetric structure: The following diagrams commute:



Tangent category $(\mathcal{C},\mathcal{T}) \longrightarrow \text{Lie}$ bracket on vector fields

Idea: Given two vector fields $v, w \in \Gamma(X, TX)$, define:

$$[\mathbf{v},\mathbf{w}] \equiv T\mathbf{w} \circ \mathbf{v} - \tau_{\mathbf{X}} \circ T\mathbf{v} \circ \mathbf{w}.$$

We obtain a vector field after applying the vertical lift λ .

Definition

Let (\mathcal{C}, T) be a tangent category.

- It is called cartesian if the tangent functor preserves finite products.
- Let R ∈ C be a commutative ring object such that TR ≅ R × R. A scalar R-multiplication on TX → X is an R-module structure

$$\kappa_X: R \times TX \longrightarrow TX ,$$

together with some compatibility conditions.

In a cartesian tangent category (\mathcal{C}, T) , the tangent bundle $TX \to X$ is a bundle of *R*-modules (i.e. an *R*-module object in $\mathcal{C} \downarrow X$).

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Groupoid objects

Definition

A groupoid object in a category C is a simplicial object $G : \Delta^{op} \to C$ such that the limits

$$G[\Lambda_i^n] := \lim_{\Delta^k \to \Lambda_i^n} G_k$$

exist in C and the natural morphisms (horn projections)

$$G_n \longrightarrow G[\Lambda_i^n]$$

are isomorphisms for all $n \ge 2$ and all $0 \le i \le n$.

Example 2

The object of composable pairs is given by $G_2 \cong G(\Lambda_1^2) \cong G_1 \times_{G_0}^{s,t} G_1$. Proceeding iteratively, we have

$$G_n \cong G_1 \times_{G_0} \ldots \times_{G_0} G_1$$
.

Definition (AB '24, Working definition)

A groupoid object G in a tangent category (C, T) is called **differentiable** if the natural morphisms

$$T(G_1 imes_{G_0} \ldots imes_{G_0} G_1) \longrightarrow TG_1 imes_{TG_0} \ldots imes_{TG_0} TG_1$$

are isomorphisms and if certain pullbacks exist.

In particular,

$$TG: \mathbf{\Delta}^{\mathrm{op}} \longrightarrow \mathcal{C}, \ [n] \longmapsto (TG)_n := TG_n$$

is a groupoid object in \mathcal{C} .

Example 3

Lie groupoids are differentiable groupoid objects in the category of finite-dimensional smooth manifolds.

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Definition (AB '24)

An abstract Lie algebroid in a cartesian tangent category (C, T) with scalar *R*-multiplication consists of:

- a bundle of R-modules $A \rightarrow X$
- a morphism $\rho: A \rightarrow TX$ of bundles of R-modules, called the anchor
- a Lie bracket on the abelian group $\Gamma(X, A)$ of sections,

such that for all sections a, b of A and all morphisms $f : X \to R$ in C:

$$[a, fb] = f[a, b] + ((\rho \circ a) \cdot f)b \quad \text{Leibniz rule}$$
$$\rho \circ [a, b] = [\rho \circ a, \rho \circ b].$$

• The abelian group $\Gamma(X, A)$ has a $\mathcal{C}(X, R)$ -module structure:

$$fa: X \xrightarrow{(f,a)} R \times A \xrightarrow{\kappa} A.$$

• Vector fields on X (sections of TX) act on R-valued morphisms on X: $v \cdot f : X \xrightarrow{v} TX \xrightarrow{Tf} TR \cong R \times R \xrightarrow{Pr_2} R$.

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Let G be a differentiable groupoid object in a tangent category (C, T) with a scalar R-multiplication.

Step 1: The *s*-vertical tangent bundle:

$$\ker Ts := G_0 \times_{TG_0} TG_1 \longrightarrow TG_1$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow^{Ts}$$

$$G_0 \xrightarrow[]{0_{G_0}} TG_0$$

Proposition: π'_{G_1} : ker $Ts \rightarrow TG_1 \rightarrow G_1$ is a bundle of *R*-modules.

Step 2: Restrict it to the identity bisection:

Proposition: $A \rightarrow G_0$ is a bundle of *R*-modules.

Step 3: Define the anchor ρ as the restriction of *Tt* to *A*:

$$ho: \mathsf{A}
ightarrow \mathsf{ker} \ \mathsf{Ts}
ightarrow \mathsf{TG}_1 \xrightarrow{\mathsf{Tt}} \mathsf{TG}_0$$
 .

Proposition: The anchor is a morphism of bundles of *R*-modules.

Step 4: There is a right groupoid action R : ker $Ts \times_{G_0} G_1 \rightarrow \text{ker } Ts$, called the **right translation**. A vector field $v \in \Gamma(G_1, TG_1)$ is called **right invariant** if the diagrams



commute for some morphism \widetilde{v} : $G_1 \rightarrow \ker Ts$.

Proposition (AB '24)

There is an isomorphism of $\mathcal{C}(G_0, R)$ -modules

$$\mathfrak{X}(G_1)_{\mathrm{r-inv}}\cong \Gamma(G_0,A)$$
.

(1)

Proposition (AB '24)

Right invariant vector fields are closed under the Lie bracket of vector fields on G_1 (defined by the tangent structure on C).

Theorem (AB '24)

Let G be a differentiable groupoid in (C, T). The bundle $A \to G_0$ with the anchor $\rho : A \to TG_0$ as defined before, and the Lie bracket on sections of A defined by (1) is an abstract Lie algebroid.

Question

Given a groupoid object G in a category C, what are the **structures of** C and the **properties of** G needed for its differentiation?

Answer:

- Tangent structure on ${\mathcal C}$
- Differentiability property on G (which makes T preserve the nerve of G and TG into a groupoid object)

Question

What are the infinitesimal objects in C that generalize Lie algebroids?

Answer: Abstract Lie algebroids

- Computing concrete examples of (elastic) diffeological groupoids
- What about higher differentiable groupoids/ higher abstract Lie algebroids in tangent categories?
- What about a Lie functor (morphisms of abstract Lie algebroids)

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Thank you for your attention!